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THE
Boston-
AND
COUNTRY-
Containing the freſheſt Advices,

No. 625.
Gazette,
JOURNAL.
Foreign and Domeſtic.

MONDAY, MARCH 23, 1767.

Province of MASSACHUSETTS-BAY.

In the Houſe of Repreſentatives, March 10. 1767.

ORDERED, That the Province-Treaſurer be and hereby is directed to prepare a Liſt of Debts due from the ſeveral Towns and Diſtricts within this Province in the late Treaſurer *Foye's* Day, and publiſh the ſame in all the *Boſton* News Papers; that ſo the ſeveral Towns and Diſtricts, and the Sheriffs to whom Executions have been committed, may be notified that they may ſhew Cauſe on the ſecond Wedneſday of the next *May* Seſſion of the General Court, why the ſame has not been paid into the Treaſury.

Sent up for Concurrence,
T. CUSHING, Spk'r.

In COUNCIL, March 11. 1767.
Read and Concurred, A. OLIVER, Secr'y.
Conſented to, FRA. BERNARD.
A true Copy examin'd per A. OLIVER, Secr'y.

IN Obedience to the above Order of Court, I have prepared a Liſt of Debts due from the ſeveral Towns and Diſtricts within this Province in the late Treaſurer *Foye's* Day; and do now publiſh it for the Direction of all concerned.

H. GRAY, Treaſurer.
Treaſury Office, March 16. 1767.

An ACCOUNT of Debts due from the ſeveral Towns, being an Abſtract from the late Treaſurer Foye's *Books.*

		£.	s.	d.
Hingham,	Nathaniel Gill £ 5 4 8 middle Tenor is	2	1	10
Chelſea,	John Tewkſbury for 1749 old Tenor £ 100 is	71	19	10
Concord,	Stephen Weſton	13		
Medford,	John Tufts 1746	2	14	5
Dunſtable,	For Loan and Intereſt	17	3	5
Brimfield,	Arrears 6 2 4			
	1749 Samuel Moulton 4 4 1			
		10	6	5
Palmer,	From 1742 to 1749 no Returns made £ 327 15 middle Tenor is	174	16	0
Ware-River,	Jacob Cummings 1751 31 10 0			
	1752 no Returns 25 0 0			
		56	10	0
Stockbridge,	1745 no Returns	3	7	2
Worceſter,	1736 Arrears 2 2 8			
	1741 Wm. Moban 12 18 5			
		15	1	1
Brookfield,	Loan Money	4	4	1
Lieceſter,	Benja. Richardſon 2 4 8			
Ditto,	1738 & 40 Jackſon & Crawley 10 3 11			
		12	8	7
Dudley,	Nathaniel Dennis 1738	2	17	6
Ditto,	Juſ. Pabin 1743	2	2	6
Bridgwater,	Richard Snell 1751	52	14	9
Middleborough,	John Raymand	1	7	7
Ditto	1749. John Palmer	53	0	10
Middleboro',	Ebenezer Raymand 1752 Old Tenor	1	4	10
Pembrook,	1736 John Keen 38 17 4			
	John Keen 26 9 3			
	N. Stutſon 33 3 4			
	98 9 11 is laſt Emiſſion	13	2	8
Ditto,	1749 Benja. Ford 24 4 6			
	1746 Daniel Perry 17 10 0			
	41 14 6	22	5	0
Abington,	D. French	3	4	6
Ditto,	1749 Samuel Tirril	48	18	8
Warham,	1749 Daniel Bumpas	14	12	10
Ditto.	John Ferring	0	17	3
Chatham,	The 50000 Loan 29 17 0			
	Wm. Nickerſon 14 14 0			
	£ 44 11 0 is	5	18	10
	1749 Wm. Nickerſon	1	4	9
Taunton,	Joſ. Williams 2 8 10			
	1738 Seth Andrews 16 3 9			
		18	12	7
Dighton,	1744 Gerſhom Williams Old Tenor	26	14	8
Ditto,	Samuel Talbot 22 5 0			
	Samuel Andrews 15 19 0			
	38 4 0 is	5	1	10
Eaſton,	John Thayer	4	8	9
Ditto,	1744 Zachary Brigge	5	13	1
Berkley,	1741 Nathaniel Phillips	3	1	8
Berwick,	1743 Timothy Davis 5 0 2			
	1748 John Lord 32 4 7			
	1749 Charles Libby 24 12 11			
	61 17 8 is	33	0	1
Biddeford,	1749 John Endine	26	7	0
Falmouth,	John Webſter 4 2 0			
Ditto,	1734 & 35 no Returns 212 2 0			
	£ 216 4 0 is	28	16	6
Ditto,	1748 Richard Waiſcot 43 3 1			
	1749 Patrick Maxwell 36 3 3			
	79 6 4	42	6	0
Scarborough,	1748 John Thompſon	8	4	0
Ditto	1749 John Small	29	11	6
York,	1746 Milburry 11 12 9			
	John Sewall 62 14 7			
	Joſeph Allen 10 11 9			
	84 19 0			
	£ 924 8 8			

IN Obedience to an Order paſſed by the Great and General Court in their preſent Seſſion: All ſuch Perſons who are indebted to this Province upon Bond payable in or before the Year 1764, *are hereby publickly notified, that unleſs they diſcharge the ſame on or before the Tenth of* June *next, their Bonds will be put in Suit.*

Treaſury-Office, March 16. 1767.
H. GRAY, Treaſurer.

Faneuil-Hall LOTTERY, No. 7.

THE Public are hereby notified, That the Drawing of *Faneuil* Hall Lottery, No. SEVEN will ABSOLUTELY commence on THURSDAY the 2d of *April* at *Faneuil*-Hall, where thoſe who incline may attend.

Cumberland. ſs.

THE Proprietors of *Pearſontown* in ſaid County, are hereby notified, that ſo much of their Rights there will be ſold at a public Vendue, to be held at the Houſe of Capt. *Joſhua Freeman*, Innholder in ſaid County, on the 29th Day of *June* next, as ſhall be ſufficient to pay the Taxes of 18/ granted March 1761 — 30/ granted in April 1765 and 30/ in May 1766 amounting to £ 3 18/. on each Right, which have been advertiſed according to Law; and alſo the Arrearages on the ſeveral Rights undermentioned unleſs paid before that Time to *Joſhua Freeman*, jun. Collector for ſaid Propriety.

Right No.	£.	s.	d.	Right No.	£.	s.	d.
5	1	17	0	32	0	18	8
6	5	0	0	34	2	18	11
9	5	0	0	56	1	13	4
12	3	0	4	66	2	10	11
13	5	0	0	78	3	11	4
14	5	0	0	80	5	0	0
15	2	8	0	94	0	19	10
17	5	0	0	105	2	0	0
24	5	0	0	106	2	14	8
25	2	8	0				

Falmouth, March 5, 1767. *Enoch Freeman, Stephen Longfellow, Moſes Pearſon,* } Committee and Aſſeſſors.

TO-MORROW, the 24th inſt. will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE at the Auction Room, in Queen-Street,

At *Three o'Clock* Afternoon,

A variety of Houſe Furniture,

among which are, Mahogony Cheſt of Draws, Buro, Tables, Chairs, Feather Beds, ſeveral Pair of very large Andirons &c &c. — A Gold Watch, two Silver ditto, and ſundry Articles of Plate, viz — A Cale containing 12 Knives, 12 Forks, 12 Spoons,
2 pair Candleſticks,
1 — Tankard,
3 — Canns,
1 — Chaſingdiſh,
1 — Punch Ladle,
12 — Forks,
2 pair Spurs,
2 — Crewitt Handles,
1 — Punch Strainer,
2 — Tea Strainers,
1 — Tea Tongs,
1 — Porringer,
5 — Spoons. J. Ruſſell.

At Warehouſe No. 14 *on the Long Wharf,*

Fiſhermen may be ſupply'd with the beſt *LISBON* SALT for Cod Fiſh and Rock-Salt for Alewives and Mackeril: Alſo Burford Cod and Mackeril Lines; and the beſt Sea Biſcuit. — Enquire at ſaid Warehouſe

TO BE LETT,

A Well accuſtomed Tavern, about Four Miles from *Boſton*, formerly kept by Col *Ingerſol*, and known by the Name of *The Queen's-Head*. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

WANTED, on Charter for the *Weſt Indies*, a SLOOP or SCHOONER about 80 or 90 Tons Burthen; Any Perſon having ſuch to Lett, are deſired to apply to the Printers, and know further.

To be ſold on reaſonable terms, a tract of good Land, either the whole, or in Lots, as beſt ſuits the Purchaſer. Said Land contains about fifteen hundred acres, in the County of *Lincoln* and lays fronting on the Sea, with a fine Harbour, ſuitable for Fiſhing or Farming, with a good title. Enquire of Mr *Thomas Bodkin*, of *Boſton*, or the Printers, who will inform the Purchaſer where *Bodkin* lives.

N. B. There is a fine Iſland in the River fronting the Land, of 300 Acres, well wooded, which will be ſold together or ſeperate.

All Perſons indebted to, or that have any Demands on the Eſtate of Mr. *Ebenezer Hawks*, of *Marblehead*, deceas'd are deſired to bring in their Accounts to Mr *Benjamin Hawks*, of *Marblehead*, Executor to ſaid Eſtate, in Order for a Settlement.

All Perſons indebted to, or that have any Demands on the Eſtate of *Ephraim Fenno*, late of *Newton*, Yeoman, deceas'd, are deſired to bring in their Accounts to *John Fenno* of *Boſton*, Adminiſtrator to ſaid Eſtate, in Order for a Settlement.

All Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of *Moſes Burroe*, late of *Lexington*, deceas'd, are deſired to pay them to *Jonathan Lawrence* of ſaid Town, Executor to ſaid Eſtate; and all thoſe who have any juſt Demands on ſaid Eſtate, to bring their Claims to the Executor in Order to a ſpeedy Settlement.

Loſt on Friday the 6th Inſtant, a Diſcharge from his Majeſty's 44th Regiment. Whoever has found the ſame, and will bring it to the Printers hereof, will not only greatly oblige the Owner, but ſhall be well rewarded.

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[*Continuation of* PHILALETHES's *Remarks, begun in this Gazette, No. 623.*] *vid pa. 605*

LET the tender arts of place and patronage, the little arts of blandiſhment, and the menaced hand of rigour, be alternately made uſe of, and aſſiduouſly applied to weaken us: let them arraign our innocence, defame our perſons, diſpenſe with every obligation moral and civil, and bend the plyant conſcience to injure and diſtreſs us: we have no occaſion to borrow arts like theſe, which if poſſible add infamy to the cauſe of our foes. God be thanked neither the cauſe we are engaged in, nor we ourſelves, ſtand in need of ſuch pitiful aſſiſtance. Right and juſtice, the fear of God, the claims of our country, and the ſacred ties of honour and conſcience, theſe, ſuch is our happineſs, unitedly ſanctify our arms, and excite us to become active for our endangered rights and liberties—Truth and juſtice are powerful allies, to theſe we acknowledge a cloſe attachment, and by theſe are conſtrained to tell the enemies of our conſtitution, whom we glory to call *our own* alſo; that in ſpite of all their profeſſions, their mean and deſpicable prevarications, they ſhall not unconfronted, unoppoſed, endeavour the ſubverſion of a free people; but deeply and tenderly affected by every motive which can influence the mind of man, we ſhall ſtill bellow in the ear of dozing virtue that ſhe is devoted to deſtruction; and collecting all our ſtrength, ſtand forth and ſtruggle mightily for her preſervation.--But to proceed upon our firſt enquiry, viz. Whether his E —— y has conducted himſelf as becomes a faithful ſervant of the Crown? The conſtitution of G. Britain admits "*the King cannot err*", becauſe 'tis ſuppoſed that he governs according to the laws of the kingdom, and all his actions are regulated and directed thereby: agreable to the old maxim, *Voluntas legis eſt voluntas regis;* this ſeems to be juſt and natural, if we reflect upon the firſt deſign of conſtituting a ſupreme magiſtrate; which undoubtedly originated in the neceſſity of inveſting ſome one with power and dignity, to awe and reſtrain the lawleſs and perverſe, and thereby ſecure the peace and good order of ſociety: in proceſs of time there aroſe Kings, who grown giddy with elevation, forgetting the original purpoſe of their inſtitution, and influenced by vicious motives, inſtead of being fathers to their people, and exerciſing authority to protect and preſerve them, aſſumed a lawleſs power to oppreſs and deſtroy them. Inſtances like theſe rendered it extremely neceſſary to confine that power within proper limits by ſolemn oaths and engagements, introducing partners in government, to ſerve as Checks and Barriers to arbitrary dominion. This equal and wonderful participation of government, is the glory and ſecurity of G. Britain; there tyranny can never wanton in the garb of Majeſty, being controuled by a power which can never ſanctify wrong, nor ſupport oppreſſion: For according to *Grotius* "if the King hath one part of the ſupreme power, and the other part is in the ſenate or people; when ſuch a King ſhall invade that part which doth not belong to him, it ſhall be lawful to oppoſe a juſt force to him, becauſe his power doth not extend ſo far": but thanks be to Heaven, in the preſent royal Family, we have experienced the rich bleſſing of Patriot-Kings; A glorious emanation of diffuſive goodneſs, parental tenderneſs and unexampled clemency has beamed from the Throne: A ſolicitude to maintain the rights, liberties and priviledges of the ſubject inviolate, has been almoſt ſolely confined to the breaſt of the Sovereign: Happy Britain! Happy ſubjects to Kings like theſe? Thus much being premiſed concerning the office of the ſupreme magiſtrate, we ſhall more readily diſcover, the duty and truſt delegated to his M---y's R---ve in the perſon of a Pl---n G---r; by which we may eſtimate the ſervices rendered to the Crown by his E---y G---r B---d during his LONG adminiſtration----It is the duty then of a plantation G----r to encourage and maintain due allegiance, fidelity and affection to the R---l perſon, with proper ſubmiſſion and obedience to the acts and laws of the ſupreme legiſlature within the colony over which he preſides: In conſequence of ſuch allegiance, ſubmiſſion and obedience, they are entitled to, and may legally claim all the liberties, priviledges and immunities, which any of his Majeſty's natural ſubjects are poſſeſſed of. *Major Hæreditas venit unicuique noſtrum a jure et legibus quam a Parentibus.* Coke.

If it be natural to ſuppoſe we retain any remembrance of the various modes of oppreſſion, adopted by the deteſted family of the *Stuarts;* to the deſtruction or what was nearly equal at that time to the expulſion of our anceſtors from their families and poſſeſſions in G. Britain, to the wilderneſs of America: the impreſſion no doubt is unfavourable to arbitary power and papal uſurpation: admitting this to be the caſe, and that our preſervation from farther perſecution, under God, was owing to the glorious revolution; at that critical ſeaſon, when the popiſh minion of a *James* on theſe ſhores, was forging ruin for us, and the ſtake kindled rapacious for its prey: Good God! can we be otherwiſe than deeply ſenſible, for the many bleſſings we enjoy, under the auſpices of a Proteſtant BRUNSWICK; can any conſideration influence more powerfully than ſecurity in all that is dear to us, a ſecurity which is promiſed permanency by the happy proſpect of a numerous offspring of the ſame illuſtrious line; theſe invaluable bleſſings ſurely rivet our fealty and affections to our bleſſed Sovereign, and induce us to inſtruct our children in their earlieſt infancy to venerate, nay almoſt to adore him: and 'tis my firm opinion, eſtabliſhed by an extenſive acquaintance in this colony, that his moſt graciousMajeſty GEORGE THE IIId, cannot have, nay cannot wiſh to have any ſubjects in any part of his dominions more rigidly tenacious of their allegiance, or who would with more alacrity ſacrifice their lives, their all, for his honour or defence. How valuable then is the affection of their Sovereign to a people like this! Have we not given every poſſible expreſſion of our firm loyalty, when required of us? do we not at this inſtant groan beneath a load of debt, incurred by our exertions in his Majeſty's ſervice? Have we not poured into the field, the braveſt and hardieſt of our youth, untutored to war; and almoſt expoſed to inevitable deſtruction, from the veterans of France long diſciplined in arms? with what patience then I beſeech you my Countrymen! can we hear our loyalty, our faithfulneſs called in queſtion. Is the affection of our Sovereign, our wiſh, our prayer, nay more our due! Is his patronage and tender regard to us, the ARK OF GOD to our ſafety and happineſs? And ſhall we not imprecate a blaſt from Heaven on the preſumptuous *Uzziah*, who ſhall dare to ſhake it, by a fraudulent formal ſhow to preſerve it. Admitting then, which cannot be conteſted, that we have ever maintained a proper deference and obedience to the ſupreme magiſtrate; I would aſk, whether we have ever denied the equity and indiſpenſable neceſſity of preſerving & maintaining the fundamental laws of G. Britain? There are ſome ſtatutes which are temporary, and ſo alterable, & are ſuited to preſent occurrences, which from proof of inconvenience, as circumſtances alter, are frequently abrogated; *ceſſante ratione legis, ceſſat lex:* Such as theſe might poſſibly appear, and not being founded in truth and propriety ſo far as they related to us, it would be abſurd for us to pay any regard to them: but thoſe immutable laws of the realm, which are founded on univerſal reaſon, which are not ſubject to any revolution, becauſe no emergency, time or occaſion, can ever juſtify a ſuſpenſion of their execution, much leſs their utter abrogation; ſuch as the following; "that no free-man ſhall be diſſeized of his "freehold, liberties, or free cuſtoms, &c. (a) nor "will we paſs upon him, nor condemn him, but "by lawful judgment of his peers, &c." and that no taxes or aſſeſſments be levied upon any freeman but according to law, his conſent, or by his repreſentative: if our ſtrict adherence to theſe, and ſuch as theſe, which are the pillars of our ſtate, by ſome vulture in power, be conſtrued into "diſaffection to government," "oppugnation of the King's authority," "a formal deſign to render the authority of parliament contemptible," and ſuch-like; can we with-hold our execration? but I repreſs the riſing choler (b)—Without any poſſible grounds, or the leaſt colour for the accuſation; his E----y hath tho't fit to deſcribe us as diſaffected and diſloyal, indulging heats and animoſities, daily ripening into riot and outrage; and complains, the executive power is too feeble to quell us: that theſe allegations have been utterly falſe and malicious cannot be controverted, but by thoſe, who are ſo callous to the feelings of humanity, and ſo deaf to the voice of reaſon, as to become butchers of their own privileges, and conſpirators againſt their own liberties. I ſhall not make repriſals upon his E----y in his own way, great as he is, I cannot ſtoop to imitate him; but from his own conduct, his own undiſguiſed expreſſion, reaſoning upon their vicious tendency, it will fully appear that he merits but little favour from his abuſed S-------n. Previous to a more particular examination of his E-----y's conduct, we ſhall ſubjoin the following reſolves, as fairly deduced from the premiſes.

1. That 'tis the happineſs of the Britiſh conſtitution, to which we render a voluntary, natural and neceſſary ſubjection, not to depend upon *will;* but being abhorrent in itſelf of deſpotiſm, has been ſo careful of the laws, and tenacious of the rights of the ſubject, as to reſtrain power by condition and compact.

2. No officer or miniſter of the King, may extend prerogative or power beyond his conſtituent; for that would include a contradiction, that the King granted more than he was poſſeſſed of.

3. Any miniſter or ſervant of the crown, who ſhall deny right by the King's letter, or counſel the King any thing that may turn to his damage or diſheriſon, is guilty of a breach of the common law----Empſon and Dudley: *qui eorum nequitiis inſiſtunt, eorum exitus perhorreſcant.*

4. Every ſtretch of power beyond law, by any ſervant of the crown, having a diſagreable reference to the ſupreme magiſtrate, is to be reſented as an injury to Majeſty itſelf.

5. His Majeſty's true and faithful ſubjects of this colony, have conſtantly evidenced an unſhaken loyalty to their Sovereign, and have ever yielded a chearful obedience to all conſtitutional acts of the ſupreme legiſlature of G. Britain.

6. A formal attempt to vilify and traduce the faithful ſubjects of his Majeſty, and by falſe and malicious miſrepreſentations to alienate the affection of their Sovereign from ſuch ſubjects; is cruel illegal and oppreſſive. PHILALETHES.

vid pa. 622. [*To be continued.*]

BOSTON, March 23.

Tueſday laſt His Excellency the Governor, by and with Advice of his Majeſty's Council, was pleaſed to iſſue a Proclamation, appointing Thurſday the Ninth of April next, to be obſerved as a Day of general Faſting and Prayer throughout this Province.

WEDNESDAY the 18th Inſtant, a Day ſacred to the Liberties of America, being the Anniverſary of the Repeal of the Stamp-Act, was celebrated with exceſſive Joy; and every Token expreſſive of Gratitude and ſupreme Satisfaction.—The dawning Sun was ſaluted with a Thunder of Applauſe bellowing from a Number of Cannon, and a regular and beautiful Parade of the Sons of Liberty thro' the great Street of the Town, with Muſick preceding a Cannon, adorned with the loyal Flag waving above it; the venerable Elm of Liberty was variegated with a Multitude of Streamers moſt beautifully diſpoſed among it's Branches, and the Houſes of many of the Inhabitants were diſtinguiſh'd by the ſame Trophy—The Burſt of Joy reverberated from one Part of the Town to the other the whole Forenoon, from the buſy Mouths of well-fed Cannon—In the Afternoon, by the Vote of the Town, a Profuſion of Wines and other Liquors were prepared in Faneuil-Hall, to collect the genuine Sons of Joy, to celebrate this happy Feſtival; accordingly a large Company of the principal Inhabitants crowded that ſpacious Apartment, and with loud Huzzas and repeated Acclamations [at each of the following Toaſts] ſaluted the glorious aad memorable Patrons of America, particularly thoſe who diſtinguiſhed themſelves in the Cauſe of Liberty, while we were groaning under the Iron Hand of Oppreſſion—At the cloſe of the Day, the Company retired to different Houſes in Town to conclude the Feſtivity with the Collations ſupplied by the private Expence of ſome oppulent Gentlemen—when Faneuil-Hall was beautifully illuminated, and the ſeveral Houſes where the Companies were collected blazed with a Profuſion of Candles—But the Tree of Liberty chiefly attracted the Notice of the Town, being richly ſhaded with the Splendour iſſuing from 108 Lanthorns, diſpoſed in beautiful Order.—— Nothing could poſſibly exceed the Grandeur of its Appearance; and throughout the Town, Muſick and Mirth, Gratulation and Joy betrayed the exalted Satisfaction which took place in every Breaſt on this thrice happy Occaſion.

1. The King.
2. The Queen and Royal Family.
3. The Parliament of Great Britain.
4. His Majeſty's Miniſtry.
5. The Earl of Chatham.
6. The Lord Chancellor.
7. General Conway.
8. Duke of Grafton.
9. Marquis of Rockingham.
10. The Chancellor of the Exchequer.
11. General Howard.
12. The Five Diſſenting Lords.
13. Colonel Barre.
14. The Patrons of the Britiſh Colonies.
15. The Lords of Trade.
16. Sir William Meredith.
17. The Lords of the Admiralty.
18. The Navy and Army.
19. The Extention of Trade and Commerce.
20. The United & Inſeperable Intereſts of Great Britain and her Colonies.
21. May the true Intereſt of Great Btitain and her Colonies be never hidden from their Eyes.
22. Proſperity to the Province.
23. May the 18th of March the Day the Stamp-Act was repealed be ever had in Memory by all true Britons and Americans.
24. Proſperity to the Sons of Liberty.
25. Proſperity to the Town of Boſton.

vide the Stamp Act pa. 59 (c) the Repeal act pa. 411

(b) Vide Gov. Barnard's Speeches, in the Index to Find them.

△△△ Excellency * Majeſties Repreſentative || Plantation Governor ¶ Excellency Gov. Barnard. ‡ Governor ||| Royal. ◊ The Deteſtable Gov. Andros not forgetting Dudly. ⁂ Sovereign

(a) vid Magna Charta page 790 Vol 2.

We have the following Advices, viz. South-Carolina.

LONDON, Dec. 18.

WE hear that a certain celebrated Exile declared, in a letter he wrote before his laſt departure from England, to a certain noble Earl, whoſe patriotiſm hath been proof againſt every venal attack, that *no conſideration whatever ſhould induce him to ſet foot again on this Iſland*; and that he concluded with theſe remarkable words, "I am ſorry, my Lord, to make this declaration to a Nobleman, who is the greateſt ornament to his country, and would be the greateſt inducement to me to remain in it."

It is ſtrongly reported, that an Engliſh ſquadron, under the command of Rear Admiral Lord Colville, will ſoon make its appearance in the Tagus.

We hear an order is ſent over to Ireland, for a regiment of foot on that eſtabliſhment, to be embarked at Cork for Nova-Scotia.

This day the Colony Agents preſented ſeveral petitions to the board of trade; and we hear, the ſame are ſoon to be laid before an auguſt aſſembly.

Letters from Paris adviſe, that it has been judged expedient to divide Hiſpaniola, into two ſeperate governments, one at Cape Francois, the other at Monte Chriſti.

Both Houſes of Parliament are adjourned to Friday, January the 16th.

Dec. 25. Governor Palliſer has preſented to the miniſtry a plan for building a new town on the Iſle of Bois, on the Labradore coaſt, which, it is thought, will be carried into execution the enſuing ſummer.

We are told that, by certain advices from France, the French court are ſo ſure of a war, now Lord Chatham has the ſole direction of our affairs, that they have ſent orders, together with large ſums of money, to all their ſeveral ſea-ports, to prepare and fit for ſea all the ſhips they poſſibly can, with the greateſt expedition.

An almoſt total change in the preſent Miniſtry is expected after the holidays.

The New arrangement is ſettled; the Earl of Northington retires; the Earl of Chatham, as miniſter, takes the preſidentſhip of the council, which will reſtore that board to its conſtitutional importance; Earl Gower is to be Lord privy ſeal; Earl of Hilſborough, to be firſt Lord of the admiralty; Sir Edward Hawke to be created a peer; Lord Weymouth to be joint poſt-maſter; General Conway goes to the military line; Charles Townſend, Eſq; to be ſecretary of ſtate; Lord North, to be chancellor of the exchequer; and Richard Rigby, Eſq; to be joint paymaſter. This will eſtabliſh a firm, able, & laſting adminiſtration.

Dec. 29. On Saturday evening the Earl of Shelburne, and the Right Hon. Henry Seymour Conway, his Majeſty's Secretaries of State, arrived in Town, and were Yeſterday at Court.

Dec. 30. With regard to the many impertinent ſuggeſtions concerning the change in the adminiſtration, we have to ſay upon good information, that there may be ſome alterations from party and family connections, but there is no probability of any of the chiefs of the preſent adminiſtration quitting their employments.

Jan. 1. Letters from Madrid of the twenty-eighth of November, adviſe, that his Catholic Majeſty, in order to promote the trade and welfare of his ſubjects, has taken off all duties upon corn imported into Spain from foreign countries, for the ſpace of two years.

We hear that Lord Clive hath been requeſted by the Eaſt-India company to remain in India two years longer.

CHARLES-TOWN, Feb. 24.

Laſt Thurſday a Ship arrived here from Ireland, with about 230 Proteſtant Settlers, encouraged by the large Bounty given by this Province, and the Succeſs their Countrymen have met with in their ſeveral Settlements here.

WILLIAMSBURG, (in Virginia) Feb. 12.

The Randolph, Capt. Walker, in 6 Weeks from London, is arrived at Hampton.

Both Parties voted for addreſſing the KING.
But this maintained, and this oppoſed,
The legality of the embargo on the exportation of corn.

Lord *Spencer*,	Lord *Suffolk*,
Lord *Hillſborough*,	Lord *Temple*,
Lord *Botetourt*,	Lord *Lyttleton*,
Lord *Shelburne*,	Lord *Mansfield*,
Lord *Chatham*,	Duke of *Bedford*,
Lord *Northington*,	Duke of *Richmond*,
Lord *Chancellor*,	Lord *Buckinghamſhire*,
Duke of *Grafton*,	Lord *Ravenſworth*.

Mr. RIND,

The above liſt I received by Capt. Walker, *exhibiting the diſputants on each ſide, in the Houſe of Lords, in the debate on the legality of the King's laying an embargo on the exportation of corn. It will probably be acceptable to your readers. Lord* Shelburne *acquired great honour in the debate, and the Lord Chancellor* Camden *overcame Lord* Mansfield.

ANNAPOLIS, February 26.

Extract of a Letter from a Merchant in London, dated the 19th of November laſt.

"The real or artificial ſcarcity of Corn, having raiſed a great clamour & drove the needy or diſſolute into riots, Lord Chatham adviſed the laying an Embargo on the exportation of Corn. This is made a pretence for the oppoſition to throw a ſlur on the Miniſtry; but as the meaſure was prudent and even neceſſary, they did not venture to cenſure it, but ſaid they tho't an Act to indemnify the Adviſers was proper; as the Prerogative was, as they ſaid, illegally exerciſed. This was a Cut-Throat-Favour, and was rejected with a contemptuous Superiority. The Miniſtry hinted to the Oppoſition, the meanneſs of their motives to this falſe kindneſs, inſiſted on the Legality & Neceſſity of their conduct, and declared they would not have an Act to indemnify them: And they would ſcorn to receive this favour, at the motion of thoſe men, who tho't they ſtood in no need of the like ſecurity in the caſe of General-Warrants, which had violated the Letter and Spirit of the Conſtitution, in the Senſe of the Courts of Law, of both Houſes of Parliament, and every honeſt Man in the Kingdom."

BOSTON, March 23.

Tueſday laſt being the Anniverſary of the Feaſt of St. PATRICK, an elegant Entertainment was prepared at the Houſe of Moſes Bennet, Eſq; for a large Number of Gentlemen, who met on that Occaſion to celebrate the Day; where a Variety of Toaſts expreſſive of Loyalty and a juſt Senſe of our happy Conſtitution, were drank.

Friday laſt the Governor prorogued the Great and General Court or Aſſembly of this Province, to Wedneſday the 15th of April next, after giving his Aſſent to twelve Acts, the Heads of which will be in our next.

Wedneſday laſt being the Anniverſary of the Repeal of the Stamp Act, the ſame was celebrated at Portſmouth, New-Hampſhire, with public Enſigns of Loyalty and Joy.

Saturday Evening died here in the 30th Year of his Age, Mr. *Samuel Draper*, Printer:—His exemplary Behaviour in Life makes his Death a Loſs to the ſurviving Relatives and Acquaintance. He was Co-partner in Buſineſs with Mr. *Richard Draper*, Publiſher of the Maſſachuſetts-Gazette. The Funeral will be attended on Wedneſday next.

TO BE SOLD,

TWO CABLES very cheap for the Caſh.—A 9 Inch Cable, 100 Fathoms, quite new.—A 15 Inch Cable, 120 Fathoms, not quite new. Inquire of *John Langdon*, near the Head of *John Hancock*, Eſq'rs; Wharff. (tbctf)

TO BE SOLD, by
Will^m. Mackay & Daniel Malcom,

GOOD Spring Beaver, cheap for Caſh; alſo good Ship Bread at Three Dollars per Hundred; the Bread may be ſeen at Mr. *John Jenkens's* the Baker, near Free-Maſon's Hall in *Boſton*.

Stone Lime.

A few Hogſheads of Stone-Lime juſt arrived, to be Sold by JOHN LOWELL, at his Shop near the Conduit: Alſo Good Piſtol Powder by the Barrel, cheap for Caſh.

ALL Perſons indebted to Mr. *James Apthorp*, or to the late Company of *Apthorp* and *Gardiner*, are deſired to ſettle their Accounts with *Henry Lloyd*, and pay their reſpective balances; and thoſe that have given their Bonds or Notes of Hand are deſired to diſcharge them as ſpeedily as poſſible: And all others on whom there are Demands for Bonds, Notes of Hand, and Book Debts, made over to Mr. *George Apthorp*, as Attorney to Meſſrs. *Trecothick* and *Thomlinſon* are deſired to pay the ſame to *Henry Lloyd*, who has full Power and Direction to ſue ſuch as are Delinquent after being duly notified.

To be Sold reaſonably,

A genteel Houſe, with a large Baro, a Garden full of a Variety of choiceſt Engliſh Fruit, with about 30 Acres of good Land, ſituated extraordinarily pleaſant in *Dorcheſter*, about 4 Miles from Town—excellently ſuited for a Gentleman's Seat. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

TO BE SOLD,

A Dwelling-Houſe in good Repair, containing two intire Tenements, with a Shop in Front, extraordinary good Cellars, a Pump, &c. near the Head of *John Hancock*, Eſq'rs; Wharff.

N. B. It will be ſold ſo as to bring in 10 *per Cent. per Annum* upon the Purchaſe Money. Inquire of the Printers. (tbctf)

WE the Subſcribers being appointed by the Hon. *Thomas Hutchinſon* Eſq; Judge of Probate, &c for the County of *Suffolk*, as Commiſſioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors of *Francis Wells*, late of *Boſton*, Eſq; deceas'd, repreſented inſolvent; and ſix Months being allowed to receive and examine ſaid Claims,—DO hereby give Notice, we ſhall meet for that Purpoſe, at the Houſe of Mr *Richard Silveſter*, at the Sign of the Black and White Horſe South End *Boſton*, on the ſecond Monday of the Six next enſuing Months from Six to Nine o'Clock in the Evening.

Boſton, March 20, 1767. *John Hill, Benja. White.*

All Perſons that have any Demands againſt the Eſtate of *James Hope*, late of *Falmouth*, in the County of *Cumberland*, Merchant, deceaſed, are deſired to ſend them in as ſoon as poſſible to *Mary Hope*, of ſaid *Falmouth*, Widow, Executrix of his laſt Will and Teſtament, in Order for Settlement—And all Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment.

Falmouth, March 12, 1767.

ALL Perſons Licenced and Permitted to ſell Spirituous Liquors, with all Importers of Rum and other Diſtilled Spirits & Wine, within the County of *Suffolk*, are hereby notified to pay, without Fail, the Exciſe due from them to the Province the 26th Inſtant, at the uſual Place. And ſuch Perſons as have had Accounts long ſtanding, muſt expect immediately to be ſued.

March 16, 1767. THOMAS FLETCHER, *Com'r.*

Imported from London *in Capt* Bruce, *and to be ſold*

By Elizabeth Clark,

At her Shop near the Mill Bridge, BOSTON.

EArly Charlton, early Hotſpur, golden Hotſpur, Marrowfat, Spaniſh Marrowfat, Ledman's Dwarf and large Sugar Peas; large Windſor, early Hotſpur, early Liſbon, and yellow Dwarf Beans; early Yorkſhire, early Dutch, Sugar Loaf, green and yellow Savoy, Batterſea, red and large Cabbage Seeds, Colliflower ditto, golden, purple and Orange Carrot Seeds, early Turnip, French & Winter ditto, white Silver Onion, ſwelling Parſnip, red Beat, ſcarlet and ſhort-top Salmon Raddiſh, white Goſs and Cabbage Lettice, round Spinnage, double Parſley, Peppergraſs, Summer Savory, ſweet Marjoram, hard Thyme, Sellery, Endive & Graveſend Aſparagus Seeds.

N. B. The above Seeds, &c. are all warranted of the beſt Kind, and of laſt Year's Growth.

TO BE SOLD,

By Benjamin Church,

At his uſual Place of Sale on THURSDAY next, A great Variety of valuable Articles, viz.

BRoad Cloths of different Colours and Fineneſs, Velvets, Plains, Kerſeys, Shalloons, Tammies, Cambletts, Iriſh Hollands, Garlix, Checks, Silks, Fuſtians, Handkerchiefs, Mens and Womens Hoſe, &c. Sundry Articles of Houſehold, as Tables, Chairs, Looking Glaſſes, Feather-Beds and Bedding, Pewter, Braſs, &c. Alſo Small Arms, Silver Watches, &c.

NEW AUCTION ROOM,
In Royal-Exchange Lane,
To be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE, by
ELIAS DUPEE,
Tueſday, Wedneſday, and Friday.

COarſe and fine Broad Cloths, Bearſkins, Forreſt Cloths, German Serges, Checks, fine and coarſe Linnens, a few Pieces of Silks, Velvets, Plush, Huckaback, Engliſh & Scotch Carpets, knit Patterns, Men and Womens Hoſe, Engliſh Worſted, Temple Spectacles, Chalk, Razors, Knives, &c. a very good Deſk and Caſe of Draws, Mohogany Tables, Chairs, Looking Glaſſes, Pictures, and other Houſe Furniture, Foolſcap and Pot Paper, Apparel, Books, Watches, &c.

CUSTOM HOUSE, *BOSTON*,

ENTERED IN.

Elſbre, Sheffield & Main from Rhode-Iſland, Burroughs from New-Haven, Shebna Sweat from N. Carolina, Benjamin Sweat from Maryland, Phipps from St. Croix, Sigourney and Driver from Monte Chriſti, Hunt Wendell from St. Kitts, and Atwood from Dominica.

Buried in the Town of Boſton, ſince our laſt, Seven Whites. NO Blacks

Baptiz'd in the ſeveral Churches, Six.

High Water at Boſton, *for this preſent Week.*

Monday, 49 m after	5	Friday, 12 m after	9
Tueſday, 40 m after	6	Saturday, 6 m after	10
Wedneſday, 30 m after	7	Lord's day, 56 m after	10
Thurſday, 21 m after	8	☽ laſt Q. 23 D. 10 H.	

(Advertiſements omitted, will be in our next.)

A M^r Wilkes *vide the Kings Speech page 569. Vide the Act page 53.*

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THIS is to give Notice to the Proprietors of the Township, No Two, lately granted to *Benjamin Harrod*, and others, in the Territory of *Sagadahock*, between *Penobscot-River* and *Mount Desart* East River, to assemble and meet at the Dwelling House of Capt *John Marston*, at the Golden-Ball, in *Boston*, on Thursday the 2d Day of *April*, 1767. at 3 o'Clock Afternoon, and when met to act on the following Articles.

1. To choose a Moderator for said Meeting.
2. To choose a Clerk, Treasurer and Collector.
3 To choose a Committee.
4 To act on any Method for the promoting and encouraging the further settling said Township; and to act on all such Matters and Things as shall be tho't most proper for the good of said Township.

N. B. All such Persons that are desirous to become Settlers in said Township, may meet at said Time and Place, when the Proposal for Settlement will be laid before them. And all those that cannot attend said Meeting, may inquire at said House, or of Mr. *Benjamin Harrod*, near *Charlestown* Ferry. All such as are in Arrears for the Taxes, are desired to settle the same at said Meeting, or their Rights will be exposed to Sale agreeable to a Vote of said Propriety.

PHILIP FREEMAN, jun. *Prop'rs. Clerk.*
Boston, March 13. 1767.

Imported in Capt. Calef *from* LONDON,
And to be sold by

Susanna Renken,

In Fore-street, near the Draw-Bridge, BOSTON.

LArge Marrowfats, early Charlton, early Hotspur, golden Hotspur, blue Marrowfats, and crooked Peas, large Windsor, early Hotspur and early Lisbon Beans, early yellow, scarlet and orange Carrots, early Dutch, early Yorkshire, early Battersea, early Sugar loaf red and large Winter Cabbage; early and late Collyflower, green and yellow savoy Sallery, green and white Endive, Salmon and scarlet London Radish, best curl'd Peppergrass, Summer and Winter Spinnage, curl'd and hambo Parsley, Cabbage, white Goss and imperial Lettice, early and late Cucumber, long Turkey ditto, early and late Turnips, Summer & Winter Savoy; Hyssop, Thyme, Sweet-marjoram and Baum, Lavender and Rosemary, Hemp, Canary and Rape Seed, red and white Clover, Red Top and Herds Grass Seed, warranted to be of the last Year's Growth. Also all Sorts of English GOODS and China Ware, to be sold cheap for Cash.

Imported in Capt. Dixcey *from* London, *and to be sold*
By Lydia Dyar,
Near the North Battery;

EArly Charlton, early Hotspur, golden Hotspur, large Marrowfats, blue and Dwarf ditto, Spanish Moratto, early Dwarf large Windsor Beans, early Hotspur and Lisbon & scarlet Beans, early Yorkshire, early Dutch, Sugar Loaf and Battersea Cabbage, green and yellow Savoy, large Winter and red Cabbage, Colliflower early and late, early and late Cucumbers, ditto of Turnip, double Peppergrass, double Parsley, Orange purple and early Carrot, Thyme, Sweet Marjoram, Rape, Hemp and Canary Birdseed, red & white Clover, Herds Grass, with all other Seeds new and good.

William Davidson,

Gardener, in Seven-Star Lane,

HAS just Imported from LONDON 60 Sorts of fresh Garden Seeds, of all Sorts suitable for *America*, with Pease and Beans. Also Garden Seeds saved here, more suitable for the West-Indies, warranted good.—Also a Collection of young grafted and inoculated English Fruit Trees, of, Apples—Pears—Plums—Cherries—Peaches—Apricots and Nectrens. Also white Muskedine Grape Vines; red and white Dutch Currant Bushes; English Goosbery Bushes; double Rose Bushes; Asparagus of the large early sort; and 60 sorts of flower Plants and Seeds; also early and late Colliflower, Cabbage, Savoy, Sallery and Endive Plants, in their Seasons;—and all Sorts of dried sweet Herbs, &c. all at the very lowest Price for Cash, &c &c.

Cumberland, ss. *Falmouth, February* 20. 1767.

THE Estate of *Joseph Cocks*, late of said *Falmouth*, deceased, being represented Insolvent by *Mary Cocks*, Administratrix——*Samuel Waldo*, Esq; Judge of Probate, &c for said County, has appointed *Enoch Freeman*, Esq; Messieurs *Ephraim Jones* and *Richard Codman*, Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims on said Estate.—And they will attend that Business at said *Freeman's* Office, in said *Falmouth*, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon of the several first Monday's in the six following Months.

Joshua Blanchard,

On Dock-Squre,
Hath Imported in the last Ships from *LONDON*,

A Large and general Assortment of English and India Goods, which he sells at the very lowest Prices for Cash. ALSO

West-India Rum by the Hogshead or Barrel, choice Brown Sugar, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Writing and Printing Paper, Paper for Rooms, &c.

TO BE LETT,

A Shop conveniently situated in Cornhill. For further Particulars inquire of Edes and Gill.

A Few Dozen of choice CLARET to be Sold cheap for Cash. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

To be Let, or Sold on reasonable Terms; if Let, to be entered upon the 5th Day of April next;

A Good large convenient double House, situate in *Medford* (near the Great Bridge) and but Four Miles from *Charlestown* Ferry, which has been improved (and well accustomed) as a Tavern, for many Years past; together with about 30 Acres of good Mowing Land, with a large Barn, Shed, and other Accommodations thereon. For further Particulars, inquire of ISAAC ROYALL, Esq; of *Medford* aforesaid. LIKEWISE,

To be Let, or Sold; if Let, to be entered on the 5th Day of April *next*;

A good House, with two Rooms on a Floor, in *Medford*, with a good Yard or Garden Spot, a large Cooper's Shop which has formerly been improved as a Store: Likewise a large Wharff contiguous to it, adjoining to *Medford* Great Bridge. For further Particulars, inquire of ISAAC ROYALL, Esq; of *Medford*.

N B. Said ROYALL has to sell a valuable Tract of Land in *South Hadley* containing about 900 or 1000 Acres, which he will sell very reasonably.

Medford, March 9 1767.

Green Coffee

To be sold by

Winslow Taylor,

At his Store opposite the Sign of Admiral Vernon, *in King Street.* BOSTON.

ALSO,
Cheap for Cash,
Choice brown SUGARS,
Molasses —— Picaneto —— Rice
Bohea Tea,
New Raisins by the Cask—New-England Rum—BRANDY.

BROKER's STORE

Corner of Kilby-Street;

EXcellent old Lisbon and other Wines, West-India Rum, London Porter in Bottles (per Hhd) Florence Oyl, best Hyson and Bohea Tea, Spices, Split Peas, Young's and Durham's Mustard, Kippen's Snuff, refined Bar Iron, a Quantity of Twine, a few red Morocco Skins best 18 Inch TD Pipes, Chocolate, a few Quintals best Meat Fish.

A small Invoice of English Goods &c at Sterling Cost. &c &c. &c. to be sold cheap for Cash, at the above Store per JOS. TURELL.

To be Lett, a good large commodious House, with four Rooms on a Floor, with a good Garden, &c. and about 4 Acres of Land, situate about 2 Miles from *Boston*, on the Main Road, suitable for a Gentleman or Trader. Inquire of Edes & Gill.

TO BE SOLD BY

Robenson & Hastings,

Near LIBERTY-TREE, Boston;

GOOD HIDES, fit for Fishing-Boots, Calf Skins for Barvels, and all Sorts of Curried Leather.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mrs *Mary Jarvis*, late of *Boston*, Widow, deceas'd, are desired to make speedy Payment to *Mary Rivety*, Administratrix on said Estate; and all those to whom said Estate is indebted, are desired to bring in their Claims to said Administratrix.

Two Hundred Pounds, O. T. Reward.

WHEREAS on the 29th of July last, the Crew of two Fishing Schooners set on Fire and totally destroyed a new Schooner of 60 Tons burthen, at the Island of *St. John's* in the Gulph of *St Lawrence*, the Property of *David Higgins* and others, of said Island, for the Benefit of the Iron Work. Whoever will discover the Perpetrators of the above Villainy, so as that they may be brought to Justice, shall be intitled to *Two Hundred Pounds* old Tenor from said *Higgins*, or *John Spooner* of *Boston*. One of the Schooners was about 50 Tons almost new, bright Sides, with a short Quarter Deck, painted pale Blue and White, with a long Stump forward, The other about 40 or 45 Tons, quite Black, and had a short Stump. The Day after this Villainy was committed these two Schooners were met with and hail'd, and the People answered they were from *Piscataqua*.

N B Any one of the Offenders that will make Discovery as mentioned above, shall be entitled to the Reward, and be free from Prosecution and Damages, and his Name secreted, if possible.

John Spooner.

Stray'd or stolen the 25th Evening of last Month, from a Door near the Prison in *Newbury Port*, a dark Bay or Chesnut Mare, with a small Star in her Forehead, her left hind Hoof white, Paces and Trots well, about 14 Years old, 14 Hands high. Said Mare had a Saddle and Bridle and Pillion on when she went off. Whoever takes up said Mare, & brings her and Tackling if found or sends to the Subscriber at Newbury, that he may have her again, shall have TWO DOLLARS Reward, and all necessary Charges paid, by HENRY SHORT.

TO BE LETT,

And enter'd upon the 25th of March, *in good tenable Repair,*

The Five Grist-Mills at

the North Part of the Town of *Boston*, with Stabling for Horses, Stores for Grain &c. Any Person inclining to Hire, may apply to *William Hunt*, in Hanover-Street, whom the Proprietors hath empowered to Let the same.

Manure for the Farmers.

MANURE of the richest Kind, and but lately discover'd, and which lays free to the easy Access either by Land or Water. The Farmers who are in Want of the same, by applying to *William Hunt* in Hanover Street, will be directed where to receive it, and free from any Charge of Purchasing.

Best Sperma Ceti Candles,

Warranted Pure,

MADE AND SOLD by JOHN LANGDON in *Fleet-Street*, above HANCOCK's *Wharf*, near the *Old North Meeting House*. He also sells the *best Refin'd Sperma Ceti Oil* by the Barrel. Best *Tallow Candles* mould and dipp'd, and Bayberry Wax Candles. ALL *as low as they can be had at any Place in Town.*

To be Sold by *Joseph Dennie*, in Union Street, opposite to Mr. *James Jackson's*,
BOHEA TEA by the Chest, Nutmegs, Cinnamon and Cloves. 21—26.

To be Sold all the Real Estate of Capt. *John Forster*, late of *Manchester*, deceased consisting of a large FARM, well accommodated with Pasture, Mowing, Plough Lands and Orcharding, well fenced has a good Dwelling House and Barn, a Fish-yard with a Wharehouse and Wharff—Also a convenient Dwelling House in *Salem*. Also a good Fishing Schooner about 60 Tons well found. Any Persons minded to purchase any of the Premises may satisfy themselves concerning them by applying to *Benjamin Marston* or *Israel Forster*, of *Marblehead*, Executors to the last Will of the said *John Forster*, (4w.)

All Persons who have any Demands against Mr *John Blackadore* of *Boston*, are desired to bring in the same so soon as may be to *Peter Chardon*, Esq; at his house in *Boston* who has to sell a Dwelling House and Land in Cross Street, late in the Possession of Mrs. *Margaret Blackadore*, deceased; and any Persons inclining to Purchase the same are desired to apply to said *Chardon*, *Ezekiel Goldthwait*, Esq; or Doctor *John Sprague*, who will dispose of said House and Land on very moderate Terms for the Payment of said *John Blackadore's* Debts. *Boston Jan.* 17, 1766.

Boston, Printed by EDES & GILL,